METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 17/04/2015 Revision date: 05/09/2018 Supersedes: 17/04/2015 Version: 1.1

CLM-6096-S

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixtures

Product name : METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL

Product code : CLM-6096-S

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Industrial/Professional use spec : For professional use only

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Cambridge Isotope Laboratories, Inc.
50 Frontage Road
Andover, MA 01810
USA

USA: 1-800-322-1174 Int: 1-978-749-8000
cilsales@isotope.com www.isotope.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency numbers:

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)
International: 1-703-741-5970 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	H301
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	H311
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour)	H331
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
STOT SE 1	H370

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

F; R11
T; R39/23/24/25
Xi; R36/38

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	H301
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	H311
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour)	H331
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
STOT SE 1	H370

Full text of H statements : see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Eyes, Kidney, Liver, Heart, Central nervous system. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes damage to organs (eyes, kidneys, liver, heart, central nervous system) (if inhaled, if swallowed, in contact with skin). Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :

GHS02 GHS08 GHS06

Signal word (CLP) : Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H370 - Causes damage to organs (eyes, heart, kidneys, liver, central nervous system) (in contact with skin, if inhaled, if swallowed)

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment
P260 - Do not breathe dust, mist, vapors, fume, gas, spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS02 GHS08 GHS06

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H370 - Causes damage to organs (eyes, kidneys, liver, heart, central nervous system) (Dermal, Inhalation, oral)

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks. - No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, gas, spray, vapors.
P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, spray, vapors, mist.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves.
P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor

P311 - Call a doctor, a POISON CENTER
P312 - Call a doctor, a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell
P321 - Specific treatment (see Hazardous component(s) for labeling on this label)
P322 - Specific treatment (see Hazard pictograms (CLP) on this label)
P330 - Rinse mouth.
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P361+P364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry extinguishing powder to extinguish.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

2.3. Other hazards

PBT: not relevant – no registration required

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC
100% METHANOL UNLABELED	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1 (EC-No.) 200-659-6 (EC Index-No.) 603-001-00-X (REACH-no) 01-2119433307-44	99.987359	F; R11 T; R39/23/24/25 Xi; R36/38
METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%)	(CAS-No.) 1932-60-1 (unlabeled)	0.0126	T; R23/24/25

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
100% METHANOL UNLABELED	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1 (EC-No.) 200-659-6 (EC Index-No.) 603-001-00-X (REACH-no) 01-2119433307-44	99.987359	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 1, H370
METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%)	(CAS-No.) 1932-60-1 (unlabeled)	0.0126	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
100% METHANOL UNLABELED	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	99.987359	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 1, H370

Full text of R- and H- phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Call a physician immediately. Evacuate danger area.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a doctor.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take immediately victim to hospital. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Toxic if inhaled.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Toxic if swallowed.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry powder. Dry sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Reactivity : Vapors may form flammable mixture with air. Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Other information : Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Wear respiratory protection. Do not breathe dust, mist, gas, spray, vapors, fume. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Ventilate spillage area. Remove all sources of ignition. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Special attention should be given to low areas/pits where flammable vapors can accumulate.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Do not allow to enter drains or water courses. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Dike and contain spill.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling : No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Storage conditions : Store refrigerated (-5 C to 5 C). Protect from light.

Incompatible materials : Heat sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL		
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200.00000000 ppm Basis: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm Basis: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Eye damage. Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI section). Danger of cutaneous absorption.
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³ Basis: NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm Basis: NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	325 mg/m³ Basis: NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm Basis: NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	Remark (NIOSH)	Potential for dermal absorption.
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³ Basis: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000. California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm Basis: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000. California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	325 mg/m³ Basis: USA. OSHA - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000. California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm Basis: USA. OSHA - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000. California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	1000 ppm California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	The value in mg/m3 is approximate. Skin notation.

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)		
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200.00000000 ppm Basis: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm Basis: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Eye damage. Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI section). Danger of cutaneous absorption.
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³ Basis: NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm Basis: NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	325 mg/m³ Basis: NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm Basis: NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	Remark (NIOSH)	Potential for dermal absorption.

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³ Basis: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000. California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm Basis: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000. California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	325 mg/m³ Basis: USA. OSHA - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000. California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm Basis: USA. OSHA - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000. California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	1000 ppm California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	The value in mg/m3 is approximate. Skin notation.

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Acute - systemic effects, dermal	40 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	260 mg/m³
Acute - local effects, dermal	260 mg/cm²
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	40 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, dermal	260 mg/cm²
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	260 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Acute - systemic effects, dermal	8 mg/kg body weight
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	50 mg/m³
Acute - systemic effects, oral	8 mg/kg body weight
Acute - local effects, inhalation	50 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	8 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	50 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	8 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	50 mg/m³
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	154 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	15.4 mg/l
PNEC (Sediment)	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	570.4 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	23.5 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	100 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Self-contained breathing apparatus.

Materials for protective clothing : Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

Hand protection : Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

Eye protection : Wear eye protection. Chemical goggles or face shield with safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Respiratory protection	:	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Approved supplied air respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

The properties listed below are for the solvent, the main component of this mixture.

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Liquid
Molecular mass	:	32.04 g/mol
Color	:	Colorless
Odor	:	Pungent
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	-98 °C (-144 °F)
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	64.7 °C (148.5 °F)
Flash point	:	9.7 °C (49.5 °F) - closed cup
Auto-ignition temperature	:	455 °C (851 °F) at 1,013 hPa (760 mmHg)
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	130.3 hPa (97.7 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F); 169.27 hPa (126.96 mmHg) at 25 °C (77 °F)
Vapor pressure at 50 °C	:	546.6 hPa (410 mmHg) at 50 °C (122 °F)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	1.11
Relative density	:	No data available
Specific gravity / density	:	0.791 g/ml at 25 °C (77 °F)
Solubility	:	Water: Completely miscible
Log Pow	:	-0.77
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Product is not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	:	Non oxidizing material according to EC criteria.
Explosion limits	:	6 - 36 % (V)

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Vapors may form flammable mixture with air. Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

10.2. Chemical stability

See storage and expiration date on CoA.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acid anhydrides. Acid chlorides. Oxidizing agent. Alkali Metal Amides. Reducing agents. Acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	:	Oral: Toxic if swallowed. Dermal: Toxic in contact with skin. Inhalation:vapour: Toxic if inhaled.

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
LD50 oral rat	1187 - 2769 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	128.2 mg/l/4h ; 87.6 mg/l - 6 h
ATE CLP (oral)	100.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (dermal)	300.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (vapors)	3.000 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust, mist)	128.200 mg/l/4h
LDLO, oral, human	143 mg/kg Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Dyspnea. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) (1932-60-1 (unlabeled))	
ATE CLP (oral)	500.000 mg/kg body weight

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1187 - 2769 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	128.2 mg/l/4h ; 87.6 mg/l - 6 h
ATE CLP (oral)	100.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (dermal)	300.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (vapors)	3.000 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust, mist)	128.200 mg/l/4h
LDLO, oral, human	143 mg/kg Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Dyspnea. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Skin corrosion/irritation : Skin. Rabbit. Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation : Eyes. Rabbit. Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Maximisation Test . Guinea pig. Did not cause sensitization. (OECD 406 method)

Germ cell mutagenicity : AMES test : S. tymphimurium. Result: negative. fibroblast. Result: Negative. Mutation in mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis) - Mouse - male and female Result: negative. Mouse - male and female. Result: Negative

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Damage to fetus not classifiable. Fertility classification not possible from current data.

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

No data available

Aspiration hazard : No aspiration toxicity classification.

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product. Effects due to Ingestion may include: Headache. Dizziness. Drowsiness. metabolic acidosis. Coma. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If swallowed there is a risk of blindness. Effects on humans. stomach.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Toxic if inhaled.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Toxic if swallowed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l mortality LC50 - Lepomis machrochirus (Bluegill) - 96 h
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 48 h
EC50 Daphnia 2	22000 mg/l Growth inhibition EC50 - Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae) - 96 h
NOEC (acute)	7900 mg/l Oryzias latipes - 200 h

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l mortality LC50 - Lepomis machrochirus (Bluegill) - 96 h
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 48 h
EC50 Daphnia 2	22000 mg/l Growth inhibition EC50 - Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae) - 96 h
NOEC (acute)	7900 mg/l Oryzias latipes - 200 h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	600 - 1200 mg/g
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1420 mg/g
ThOD	1500 mg/g
Biodegradation	72 % - rapidly biodegradable aerobic - Exposure time 5 d

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) (1932-60-1 (unlabeled))	
Persistence and degradability	Not available.

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	600 - 1200 mg/g
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1420 mg/g
ThOD	1500 mg/g
Biodegradation	72 % - rapidly biodegradable aerobic - Exposure time 5 d

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
BCF fish 1	5 mg/l Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 72 d at 20 °C
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	1
Log Pow	-0.77

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) (1932-60-1 (unlabeled))	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)	
BCF fish 1	5 mg/l Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 72 d at 20 °C
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	1
Log Pow	-0.77

12.4. Mobility in soil

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
Ecology - soil	Not degradable in the soil.

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) (1932-60-1 (unlabeled))	
Ecology - soil	Not available.

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)	
Ecology - soil	Not degradable in the soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL
PBT: not relevant – no registration required

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)
PBT: not relevant – no registration required

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : Avoid release to the environment.

Other information : Stability in water: at 19 °C - (83 - 91%) - 72 h. Remarks: Hydrolyses on contact with water. Hydrolyses readily.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Waste materials should be disposed of under conditions which meet Federal, State, and local environmental control regulations.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Ecology - waste materials : Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT)	:	1230
DOT NA no.		UN1230

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	:	Methanol
Class (DOT)	:	3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Hazard labels (DOT)	:	3 - Flammable liquid 6.1 - Poison

DOT Symbols	:	+ - Fixes (cannot be altered) proper shipping name, hazard class, and packing group,I - Proper shipping name appropriate for international and domestic transportation
Packing group (DOT)	:	II - Medium Danger
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	:	IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	242

14.3. Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	131
Other information	:	No supplementary information available.

Overland transport

Packing group (ADR)	:	II
Class (ADR)	:	3 - Flammable liquid
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.)	:	336
Classification code (ADR)	:	FT1
Hazard labels (ADR)	:	3 - Flammable liquids 6.1 - Toxic substances

Orange plates	:	336 1230
Tunnel restriction code (ADR)	:	D/E
Limited quantities (ADR)		1l
Excepted quantities (ADR)	:	E2

Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	B - (i) The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) ‘‘On deck only’’ on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	:	40 - Stow ‘‘clear of living quarters’’
MFAG-No	:	131

Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	60 L
Civil Aeronautics Law	:	Flammable liquids

14.4. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.5. Special precautions for user

14.6. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 302.
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 302.
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.2.1. National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	Yes
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities

METHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID, MONOCYCLOHEXYL ESTER (CYCLOHEXYL-13C6, 99%) 100 UG/ML IN METHANOL	
	U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

100% METHANOL UNLABELED (67-56-1)
State or local regulations
U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances

SECTION 16: Other information

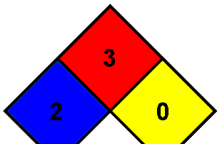
Other information : This product is not radioactive. The data given for this product are those of the corresponding unlabeled compound, unless specifically indicated otherwise. Health and safety data for labeled compounds are generally not available, but are assumed to be similar or identical to the corresponding unlabeled compound.

Full text of R-, H- and EUH-phrases:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H370	Causes damage to organs
R11	Highly flammable
R23/24/25	Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed
R36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin
R39/23/24/25	Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed
F	Highly flammable
T	Toxic
Xi	Irritant

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.



NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.

Hazard Rating

Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	: 3 Serious Hazard
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard

CIL Mixture SDS

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product